# First Semester B.Sc. Examination, May 2022 <br> (NEP - 2021-22 and Onwards) PHYSICS <br> <br> DSC 1 : Mechanics and Properties of Matter 

 <br> <br> DSC 1 : Mechanics and Properties of Matter}

## Time : $21 / 2$ Hours

Max. Marks : 60

## Instructions: i) Answer any four questions from each Part. <br> ii) Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is permitted.

PART - A

Answer any 4 questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

1. Can dimensional analysis be used to check the correctness of a formula or an equation? Explain with an example.
2. Two bodies $A$ and $B$, have the same momentum. If $A$ is very heavy compared to $B$, determine which one has more kinetic energy.
3. Which is more elastic, steel or rubber? Explain.
4. Is there a modulus of elasticity that exists for all the three states of matter ? Give an example.
5. What property of water allows insects to run on the surface of water, without sinking or drawing? Explain.
6. How does temperature affect the viscosity of a liquid? Explain with an application.
PART - B

Answer any 4 questions. Each question carries 5 marks.
7. Convert 10 N into dyne using dimensional analysis.
8. Two objects of mass 5 kg and 10 kg have position vectors of $(3 \hat{i}+6 \hat{\mathrm{j}}-3 \hat{\mathrm{k}}) \mathrm{m}$ and $(3 \hat{i}-9 \hat{j}+3 \hat{k}) m$ respectively from the origin of a coordinate system. Calculate the position vector and the distance of their center of mass from the origin.
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9. The Poisson's ratio for glass is 0.4 and its Youngs' modulus is $2 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{Nm}^{-2}$. Calculate the rigidity modulus, $\eta$, of glass.
10. Find the work done in twisting a steel wire of radius $1 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~m}$ and length 0.25 m through an angle of $45^{\circ}$ : given, the rigidity modulus, $\eta$, for steel is $8 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{Nm}^{-2}$.
11. Calculate the excess pressure inside a soap bubble of radius $3 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~m}$, and also its surface energy, given the surface tension of the soap solution $=20 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{Nm}^{-1}$.
12. A sphere of mass $1.6 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~kg}$ and radius $2.2 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~m}$ takes 6.4 s to fall steadily through a height of 0.32 m inside a large volume of an oil of density $900 \mathrm{kgm}^{-3}$. If the density of steel is $7850 \mathrm{kgm}^{-3}$, calculate stokes coefficient of viscosity, $\eta$, of the oil.
PART - C

Answer any four questions. Each question carries 8 marks.
(8×4=32)
13. a) Define work.
b) Derive an expression for the work done by a variable force.
14. a) State the postulates of special theory of relativity.
b) Explain time dilation and obtain an expression for it.
15. a) Define the moment of inertia of a body.
b) Derive an expression for the moment of inertia of a rectangular lamina about an axis passing through its centre and perpendicular to its plane.
16. a) State Keplers' laws of planetary motion.
b) Derive an expression for the orbital velocity of a satellite in a circular orbit around earth at a height, h , above the surface of the earth.
17. a) Define Youngs' modulus, rigidity modulus and Poissons ratio.
b) Obtain an expression for the work done in stretching a wire.
18. a) Define viscosity.
b) Derive Poisuelles formula for the flow of a viscous fluid through a narrow horizontal tube of length, $l$, and radius ( r ).

