

QP – 235

III Semester B.A./B.Sc. Examination, April/May 2021 (Semester Scheme) (CBCS) (F+R) (2015 – 16 and Onwards) MATHEMATICS – III

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

(5×2=10)

Instruction : Answer all questions.

PART – A

Answer any five questions :

- 1. a) Find all the left cosets of the subgroup H = {0, 2, 4} of the group $(Z_6, +_6)$.
 - b) Find the number of generators of the cyclic group of order 8.
 - c) Show that the sequence $\left\{1-\frac{1}{n}\right\}$ is monotonically increasing sequence.
- d) State Cauchy's root test for the series of positive terms.
 - e) Discuss the convergence of the series $1 \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{4} + \dots$

f) Discuss the continuity of the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - 4}$ at x = 2.

- g) State Lagrange's mean value theorem.
- h) Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{a^x b^x}{x}$.

PART - B

Answer one full question :

2. a) If an element 'a' of a group G is of order n, then prove that a^m = e for some positive integer m iff n divides m.

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- b) Define a cyclic group. Show that the multiplicative group of fourth roots of unity is a cyclic group generated by < i >.
- c) State and prove Lagrange's theorem for finite groups.

OR

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3. a) Prove that there is one-to-one correspondence between the set of all distinct right cosets and set of all distinct left cosets of a subgroup of a group.

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 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

- b) If G is a cyclic group of order 'd' and 'a' is a generator, then prove that a^k(k < d) is also a generator of G if and only if (k, d) = 1.</p>
- c) Prove that a finite group of prime order is cyclic and hence abelian.

PART – C

Answer two full questions :

- 4. a) Show that the limit of a convergent sequence is unique.
 - b) Discuss the nature of the sequence $\{x^{\frac{1}{2}}\}$.
 - c) Test the convergence of the sequences

i)
$$\sqrt{n^2 + 1} - \sqrt{n^2 - 1}$$
 ii) $\frac{\log(n+1) - \log n}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}$

5. a) Prove that a monotonic increasing sequence bounded above is convergent.

- b) Find the limit of the sequence {0.3, 0.33, 0.333,}.
- c) Show that the sequence $\{a_n\}$ defined by $a_1 = 1$, $a_n = \sqrt{2 + a_{n-1}}$ is convergent and converges to 2.
- 6. a) Discuss the nature of the geometric series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} X^n$

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- b) Discuss the convergence of the series $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1.2}{3.5} + \frac{1.2.3}{3.5.7} + \dots$
- (a) a c) Find the sum to infinity of the series $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1.4}{6.12} + \frac{1.4.7}{6.12.18} + \dots$
 - 7. a) State and prove Raabe's test for the series of positive terms.
 - b) Test the convergence of the series $\frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{3}{2.3.4} + \frac{5}{3.4.5} + \dots$.

c) Find the sum to infinity of the series $\frac{5}{1!} + \frac{7}{3!} + \frac{9}{5!} + \dots$

PART - D

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Answer one full question :

(1×15=15)

- 8. a) Show that a function which is continuous in a closed interval attain its bounds.
 - b) Verify Rolle's theorem for $f(x) = log\left(\frac{x^2 + 3}{4x}\right)$ in [1, 3]. c) Evaluate : i) $\lim_{x\to 0} (\cos x)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$ ii) $\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{\sin^2 x}\right)$ OR

9. a) State and prove Cauchy's mean value theorem.

b) Discuss the differentiability of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right), & \text{for } x \neq 0\\ 0, & \text{for } x = 0 \end{cases} \text{ at } x = 0.$$

c) Expand $\log_{e}(1 + x)$ upto the term containing x⁴ using Maclaurin's series.