# III Semester B.Com. Examination, April/May 2021 (CBCS) (2015-16 and Onwards) (F+R) COMMERCE <br> <br> 3.3 : Corporate Accounting 

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Time : 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 70
Instruction : Answer should be written completely either in English or in Kannada.

## SECTION - A

1. Answer any five sub-questions. Each sub-question carries two marks. $(5 \times 2=10)$
a) Give the meaning of underwriting.
b) What is the partial underwriting ?
c) Mention the Ratios required to calculate profit prior to Incorporation.
d) State any 4 factors determining the value of Goodwill.
e) How do you calculate Intrinsic value of shares ?
f) State under what heading the following items will appear in the Balance Sheet of a company.
i) Calls unpaid
ii) Loose tools.
g) What is the fair value of shares ?
SECTION - B

Answer any 3 questions. Each question carries 6 marks.
2. Ganesh Co. Ltd. issued 50,000 shares of $₹ 10$ each. The whole issue was fully under written by $A B C$ and $D$ as follows.
A - 20,000 shares
B - 15,000 shares
C $-5,000$ shares and
D - 10,000 shares

The company received applications for 45,000 shares of which marked applications were as follows.
A $-22,000$ shares,
B $-11,000$ shares,
C - 1,000 shares and
D - 9,000 shares.

Determine the liability of each underwriter.
3. Shiva Ltd. had purchased a business on 1.4.2019. The company received its certificate of Incorporation on 1.9.2019. The average monthly sales for the period before Incorporation was $25 \%$ more than the average monthly sales for the period after Incorporation. The total sales during the year was ₹ $26,50,000$.
Ascertain :
i) Time Ratio
ii) Sales Ratio
iii) Pre and post Incorporation sales.
P.T.O.
4. From the following information calculate the Value of Goodwill under,
i) 3 year purchase of super profit method.
ii) Capitalisation of super profit method.
a) Average capital employed - ₹ $4,35,000$.
b) Net profit of the firm for the past 3 years were ₹ 61,000 , ₹ 49,250 and ₹ 87,750 .
c) Managerial remuneration of employed Elsewhere ₹ 9,000 P.a.
d) Normal rate of return $8 \%$.
5. From the following particulars of Karunya Ltd., compute the value of shares under Yield Method.
a) Equity shares of $₹ 10$ each.
b) Profit for the last 3 years ₹ 75,000 , ₹ 78,000 and ₹ 87,000 .
c) $20 \%$ is transferred to Reserve.
d) Normal rate of return - $10 \%$.
6. Under which heading would you show the following in company final account.
a) Provision for taxation
c) Work in progress
b) Underwriting commission
e) Loan to employees
d) Pension fund

## SECTION - C

Answer any 3 questions. Each question carries 14 marks.
( $3 \times 14=42$ )
7. A Ltd. Co. issued $1,00,000$ equity shares of $₹ 100$ each. $M, N, O$ and $P$ underwrites the entire issue in the proportion of $30 \%, 30 \%, 20 \%$ and $20 \%$ respectively. They also apply for firm share application as follows.
$\mathrm{M}-3,000$ shares $0-2,000$ shares and

$$
\mathrm{N}-2,000 \text { shares }
$$ Asido the firm P-3,000 shares. Asides the firm application, the public apply for 60,000 shares of which marked applications are as follows.

| $M-10,000$ shares | $N-6,000$ shares |
| :--- | :--- |
| $O-8,000$ shares and | $P-16,000$ shares. |

Calculate the Net Liability of each underwriter treating
i) Firm underwriting as marked application.
ii) Firm underwriting as unmarked application.
8. 'A' Ltd. took over the business of B on 1.4.2019 and it was incorporated on 1.7.2019. The P/L A/c of ' $A$ ' Ltd. on 31.3.2020 was as follows.

## Particulars

To Commission (sales)
To Advertisement
To M.D. Remuneration
To Depreciation
$₹ \quad$ Particulars
5,250 By Gross profit

## ₹

10,500 By Bad debts recovered
18,000
5,600

To Salaries
36,000
To Insurance
To Preliminary Expenses w/o
To Rent and taxes 1,200

To Discount
To Bad debts
To Net profit

1,400
6,000
700
2,500
1,09,850
1,97,000

## Further details :

a) The average monthly sales after incorporation was twice the average monthly sales before.
b) Rent which was paid for the first 3 months at ₹ 400 P.M. Increased by ₹ 100 per month for the balance of period.
c) Bad debts of ₹ 350 related only to the period after 1.9.2019 and the Balance related to the sales made upto 1.9.2019.
d) The Bad debts realised belong to the bad debts which were written off in 2019-20.

Find out the profit before and after incorporation.
9. The B/S of Divya Co. Ltd. as on 31.3.2020 is as under.

Liabilities
6,000 pre shares of $₹ 100$ each
10,000 Eq. shares of ₹ 100 each
General reserve
P/L A/c
S. Creditors

| F <br> $6,00,000$ | Assets | Fixed assets |
| ---: | :--- | ---: |
|  | Stock | $10,00,000$ |
| $10,00,000$ | Debtors | $3,50,000$ |
|  | Cash at Bank | $4,50,000$ |
| 80,000 |  | $2,00,000$ |
| $1,60,000$ |  |  |
| $1,60,000$ |  |  |

$$
20,00,000
$$

20,00,000
The profit of the company (before providing for tax $40 \%$ ) and the rate of dividend declared in respect of the last 5 financial year are as follows.

Year
2015-16
2016-17
2017-18
2018-19
2019-20

Profit
2,70,000
3,10,000
3,40,000
3,30,000
3,60,000

Rate of dividend
8\%
10\%
12\%
15\% 15\%

You are required to find out the value of Goodwill of the company on the basis of
a) 5 years purchase of super profits.
b) Capitalisation of super profit method.
c) As per annuity of super profit taking P.V of annuity of Re. 1.00 for 5 years at $10 \%$ is as 3.78 .

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10. On 31.3.2020 the Balance Sheet of Jagadish Ltd. was as follows. Liabilities
5,000 shares of $₹ 100$ each P/LA/c
Bank over draft
Creditors
Provision for tax
Provision for dividend

| $₹$ | Assets | ₹ |
| ---: | :--- | :---: |
| $5,00,000$ | Land and Building | $2,20,000$ |
| $1,03,000$ | Plant and Machinery | 95,000 |
| 20,000 | Stock | $3,50,000$ |
| $\mathbf{7 7 , 0 0 0}$ | Debtors | $1,55,000$ |
| 45,000 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{7 5 , 0 0 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{8 , 2 0 , 0 0 0}$ |

The 5 years net profit of the company after deducting all working charges and providing for depreciation and taxation were as under.
2016 - ₹ $85,000 \quad 2017$ - ₹ $96,000 \quad 2018$ - ₹ 90,000
2019 - ₹ $1,00,000$ and 2020 - ₹ 95,000
on 31.3.2020 Land and Building was revalued at ₹ $2,50,000$. Plant and Machinery at ₹ $1,50,000$ and Goodwill at ₹ $1,50,000$. The normal rate of return is $10 \%$. You are required to ascertain the value of equity shares under
a) Intrinsic value method
b) Yield value method
c) Fair value method.
11. Following are the B/S of Karunya Ltd. as on 31.3.2020. You are required to prepare Final Account of the company after taking additional Information into consideration.

Debits
Premises
Plant
Stock on 1.4.2019
Debtors
Goodwill
Bank balance
Calls in arrears
Interim Dividend
Purchases
Preliminary expenses
Wages
General expenses
Salaries
Bad debts
Debenture Interest paid

## Credits

30,72,000
33,00,000
7,50,000
8,70,000
2,50,000
4,06,500
75,000
3,92,500
18,50,000
50,000
9,79,800
68,350
2,02,250
21,100
1,80,000
1,24,67,500

## Additional Information :

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Credits } & ₹ \\ \text { Share capital } & 40,00,000\end{array}$
$12 \%$ debenture $\quad 30,00,000$
P/L A/c 2,62,500
Creditors
Sales
General Reserve
7,70,000
R. 2,50,000
R.D.D. as on 1.4.2019 35,000
a) Closing stock is valued at $₹ 10,50,000$.
b) Depreciate plant at $15 \%$.
c) Write off ₹ 5,000 from preliminary expenses.
d) Half year debenture interest is due.
e) Transfer ₹ 25,000 to General Reserve.
f) Ignore Corporate Dividend Tax (CDT).

